

Developing Techniques to measure (d,p) on ^{132}Sn

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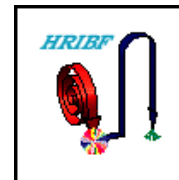
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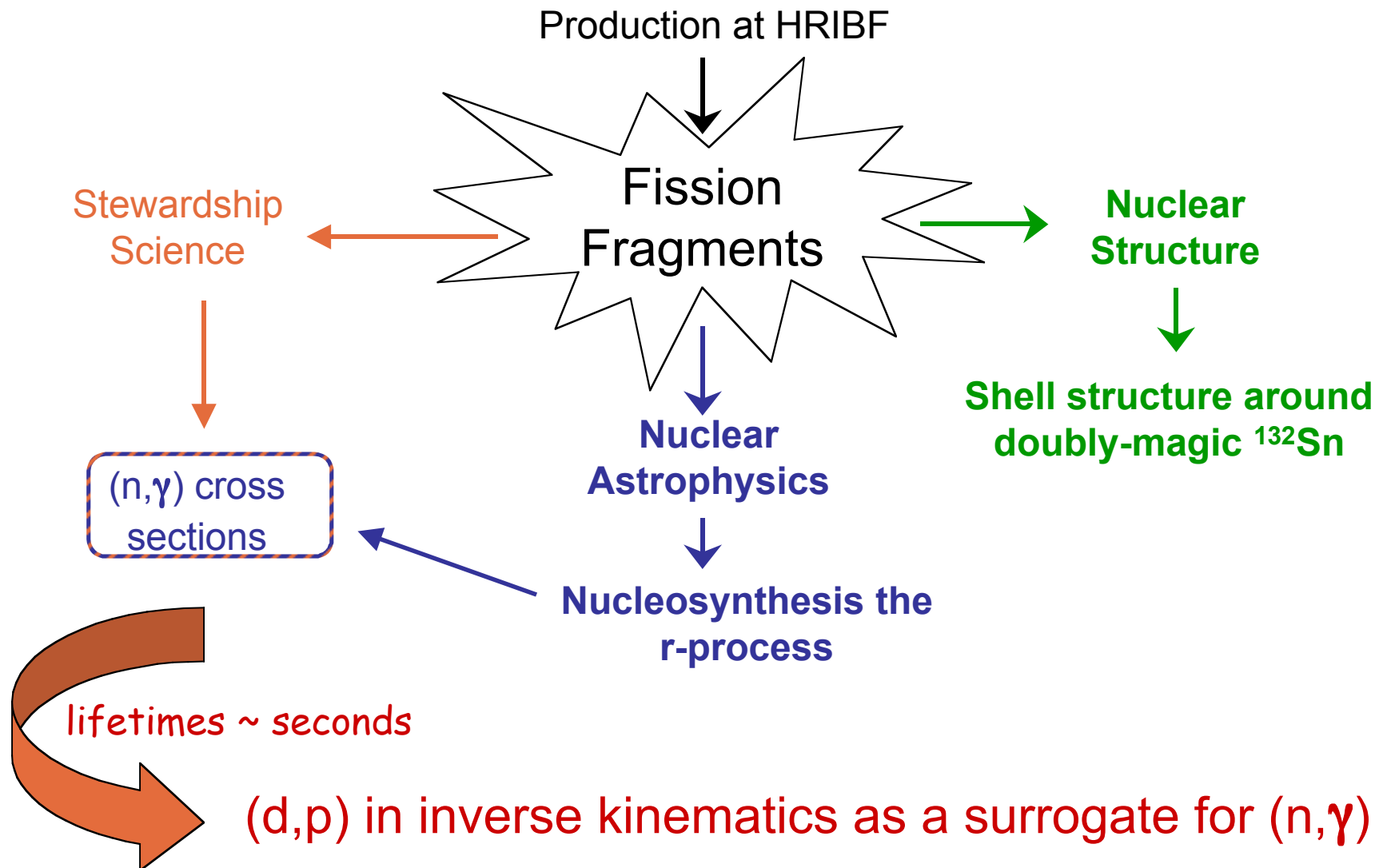
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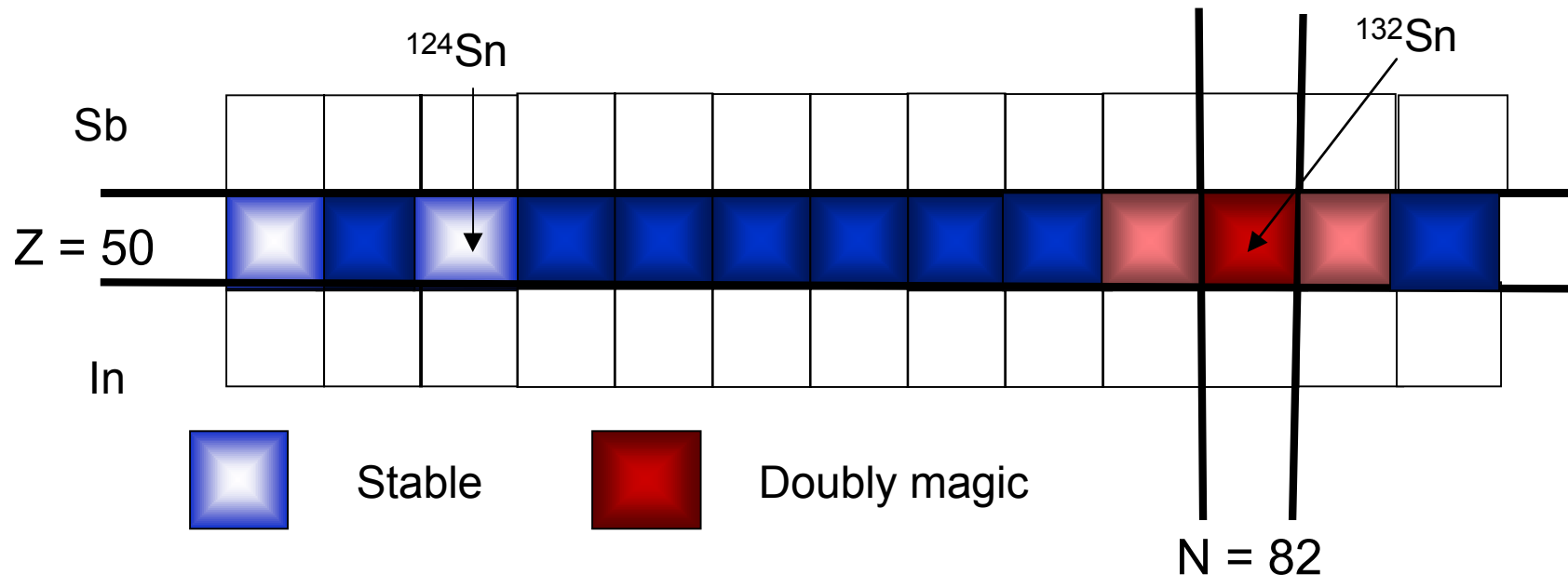
HRIBF Scientists and technical staff.



Why study (d,p) reactions for neutron-rich Sn isotopes?



Nuclear Structure Neutron rich Sn Isotopes

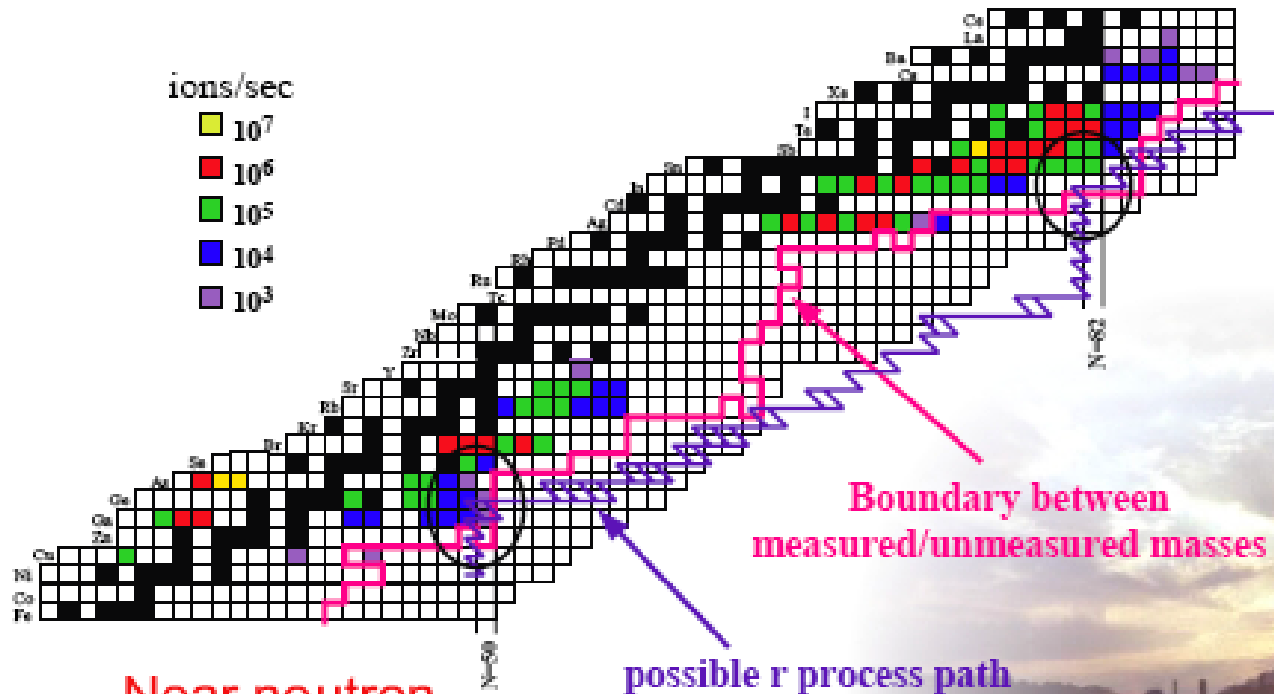


What's known about ^{133}Sn ?

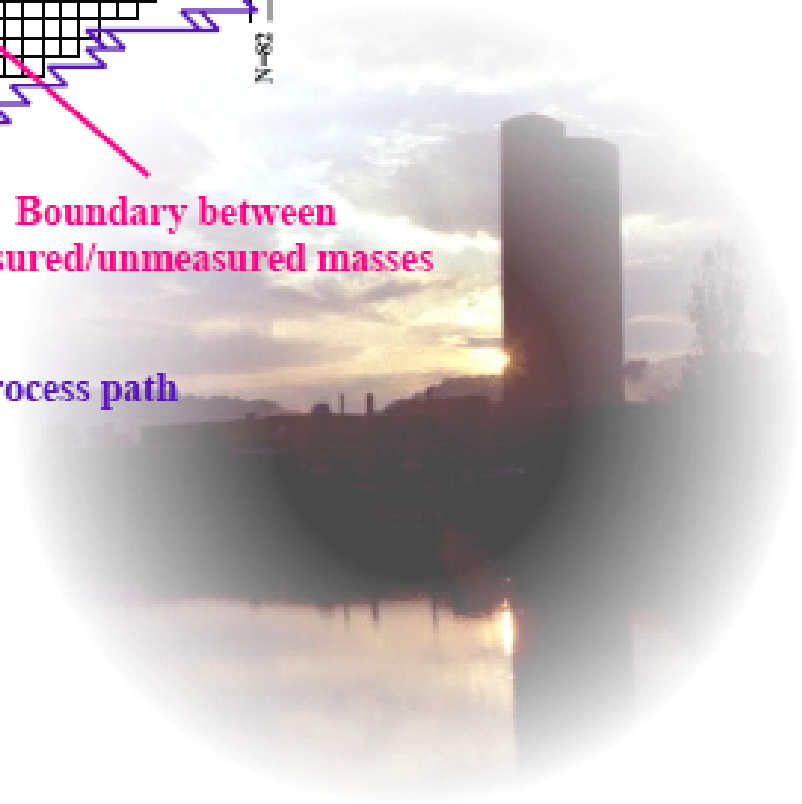
- 4 transitions from $^{134}\text{In}(\beta n)^{133}\text{Sn}$ ¹⁾
 - 1561 keV confirmed in ^{248}Cm SF ²⁾
 - Level structure inferred from systematics, transition intensities and SM calcs.
- Assignments need to be confirmed and spectroscopic factors need to be measured**

¹⁾P. Hoff et al. PRL **77** (96) 1020. ²⁾ W. Urban et al. Eur. Phys. J **A5** (99) 239.

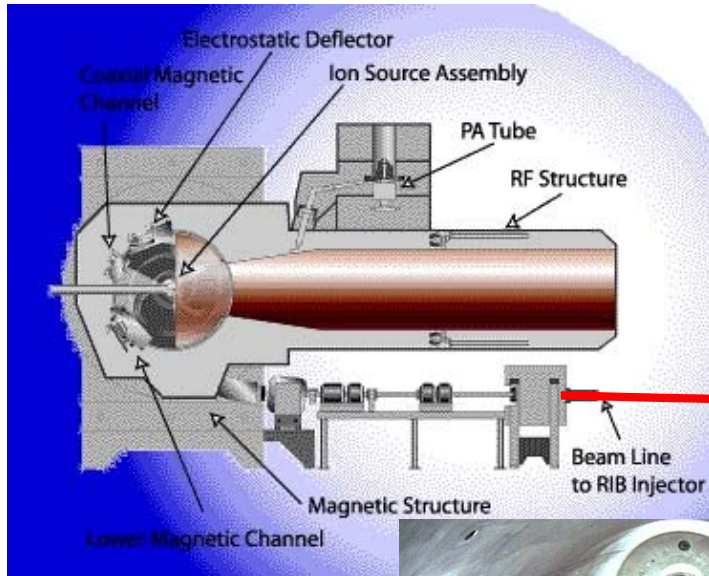
HRIBF Beams Available



Near neutron closed shells $N = 50$ and 82 , experiments with RIBs on or near r-process path are possible.

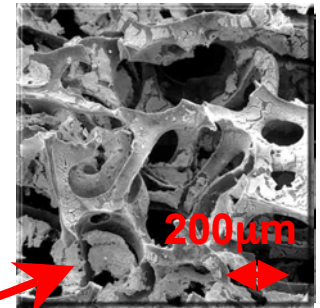


The Holifield RIB Facility



ORIC

p, d, or α



Fibrous UC_2
production
target

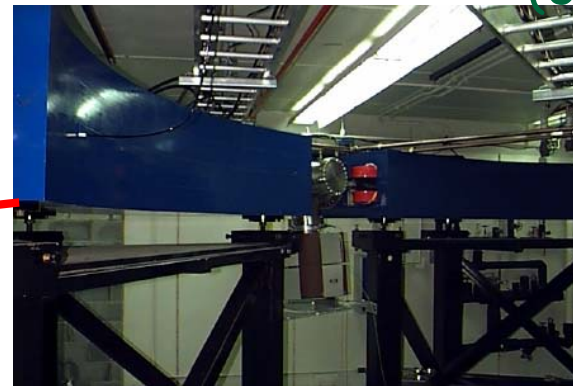


Ion source
RIB
(300 keV)

25 MV tandem

Mass analysis

To
experiments

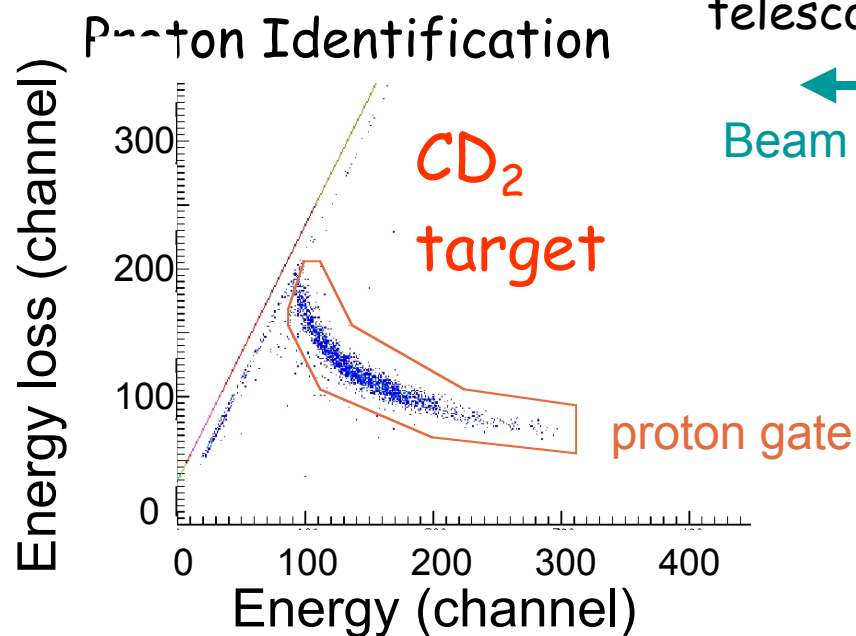
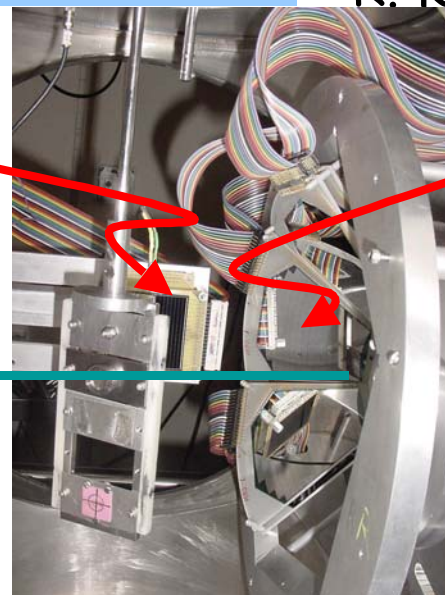


$^{124}\text{Sn}(d,p)$ test experiment

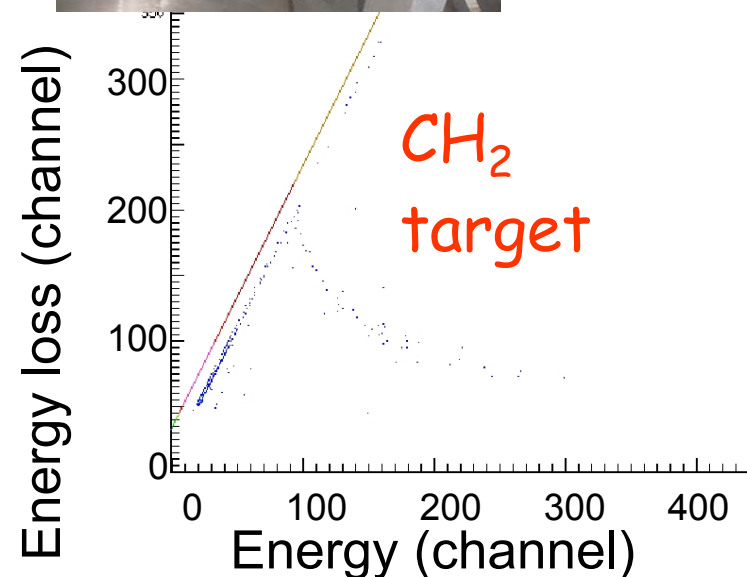
K. L. Jones,
R. Kozub et al.

2D position
sensitive
Si detector
telescope

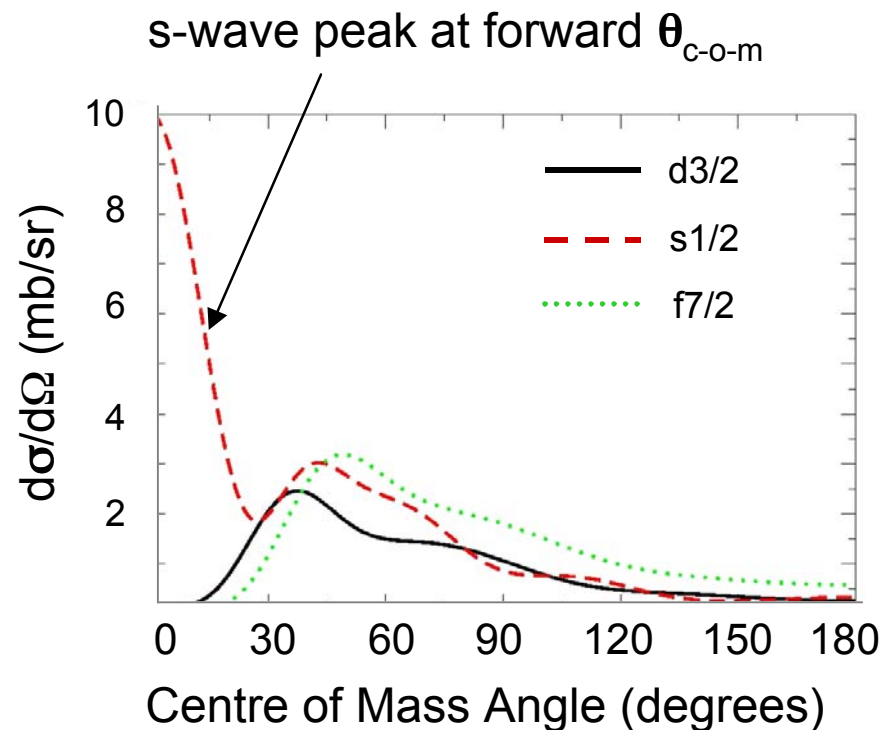
SIDAR in _
lampshade
configuration



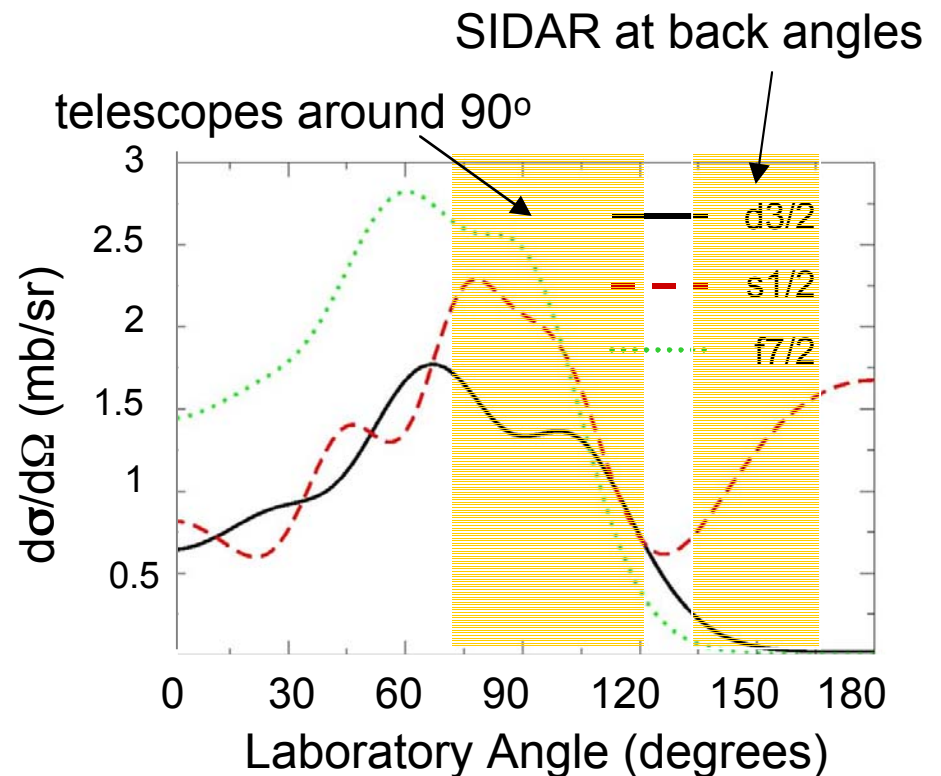
Very low background rate



$^2\text{H}(^{124}\text{Sn},p)$ kinematics @ 4.25 AMeV DWBA calculations

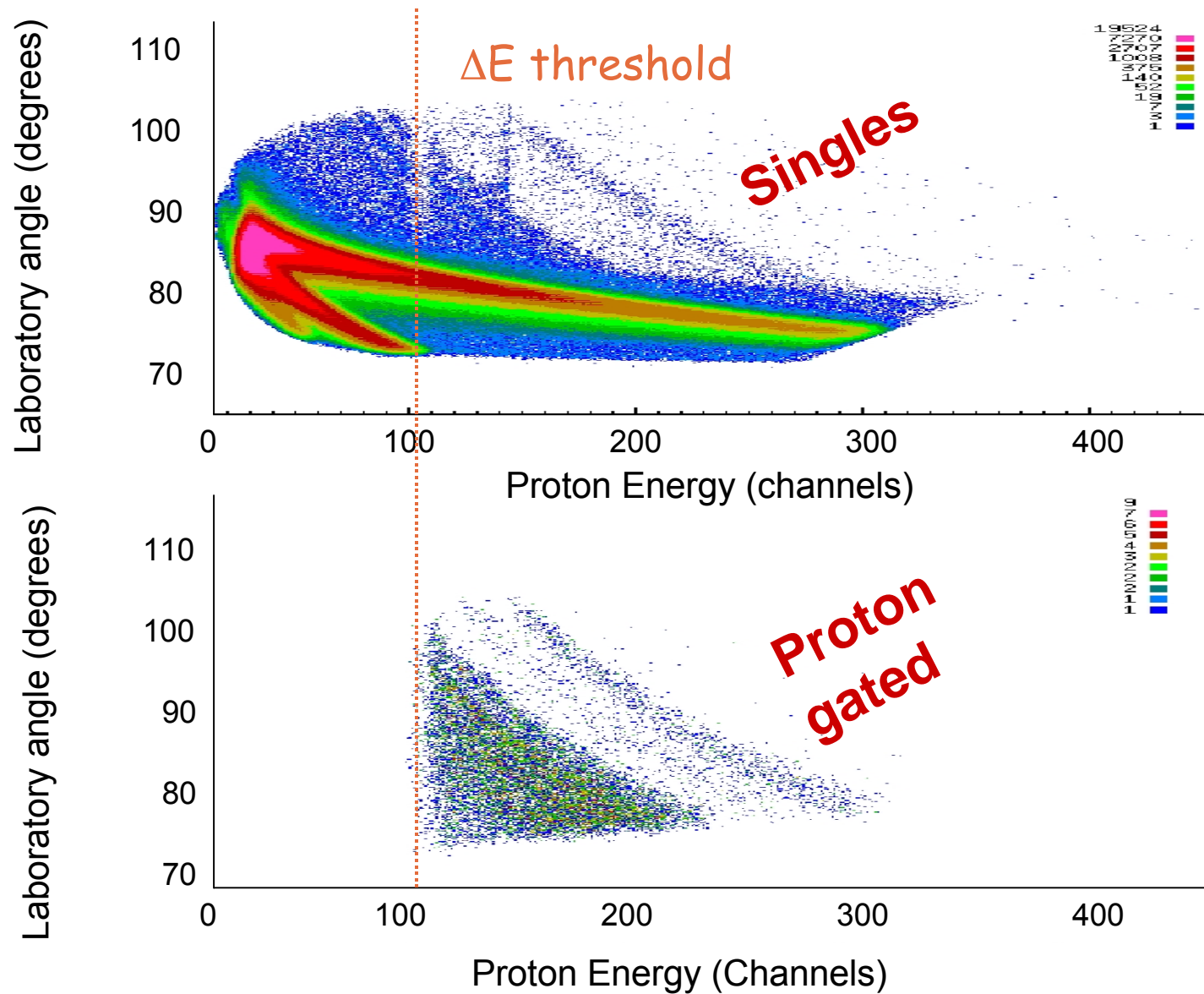


Forward $\theta_{\text{c-o-m}}$

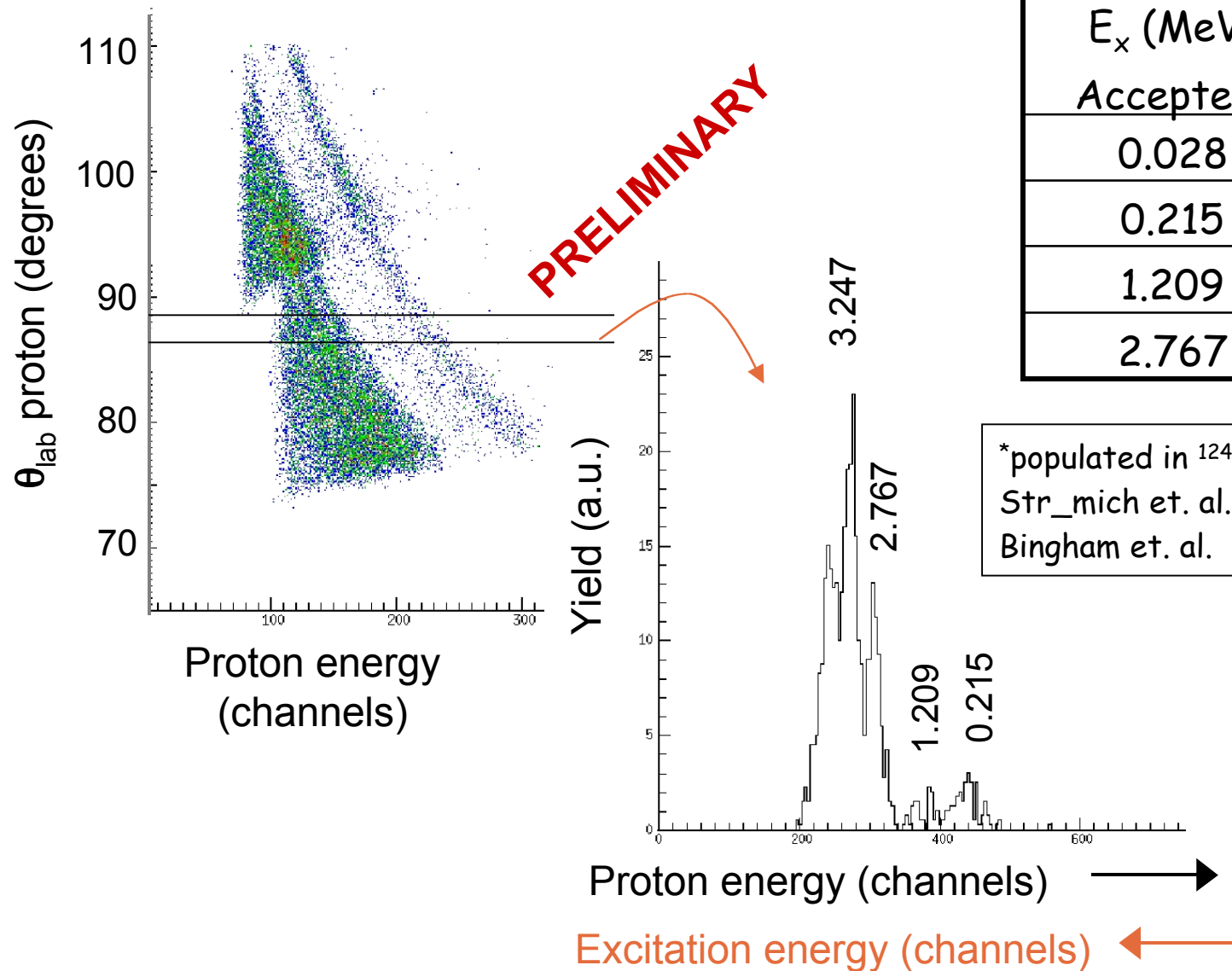


Backward θ_{lab}

$^{124}\text{Sn}(d,p)$ test experiment: energy-angle systematics



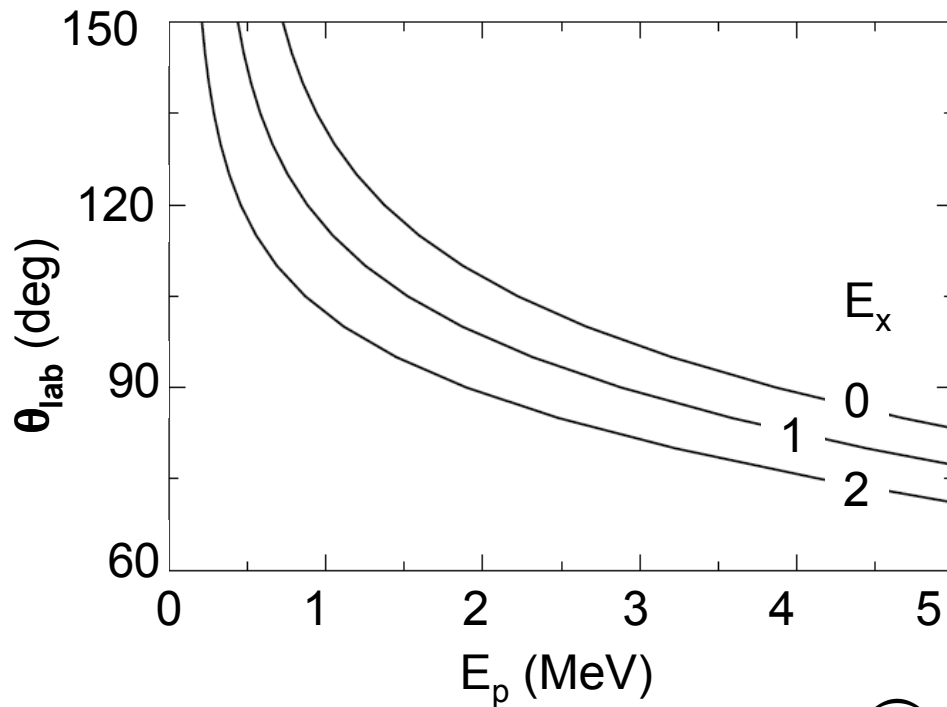
$^{124}\text{Sn}(\text{d},\text{p})$ test experiment: results



E_x (MeV)	J^π
Accepted*	accepted
0.028	$3/2^+$
0.215	$1/2^+$
1.209	?
2.767	$7/2^-$

*populated in $^{124}\text{Sn}(\text{d},\text{p})$ e.g. A. Str_mich et. al. PRC 16 (6) 1977 C. Bingham et. al. PRC 8 (2) 1973

$d(^{132}\text{Sn},p)$ kinematics @ 4.7 A MeV

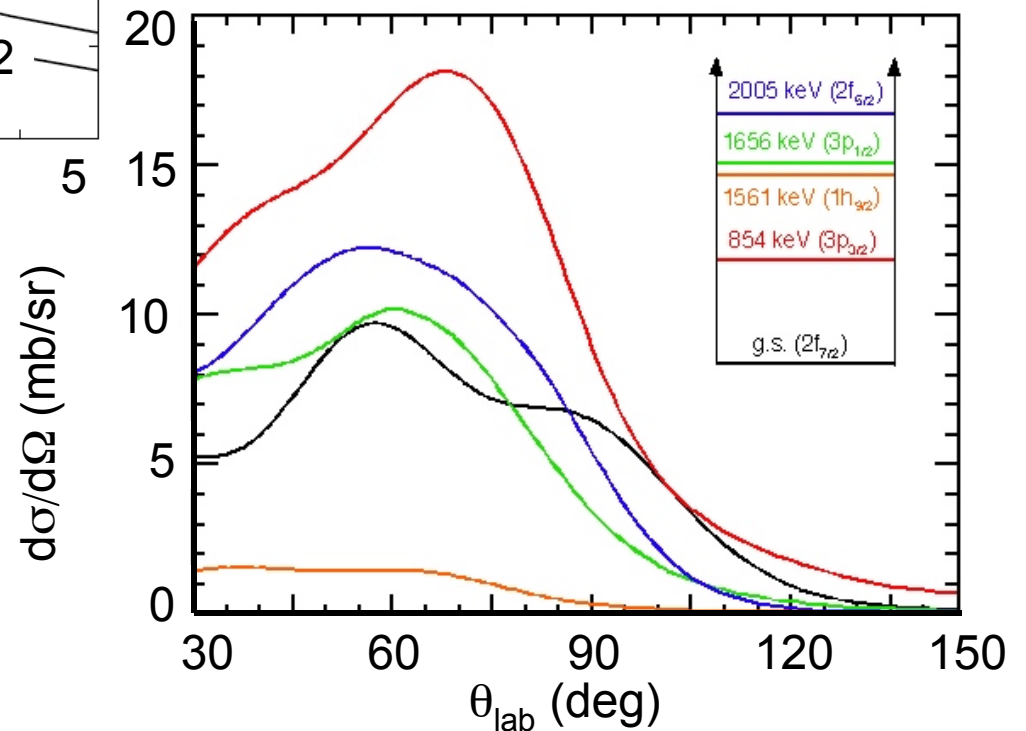


Want to measure
around 90°.

Forward $\theta_{\text{c-o-m}}$ — backward θ_{lab}

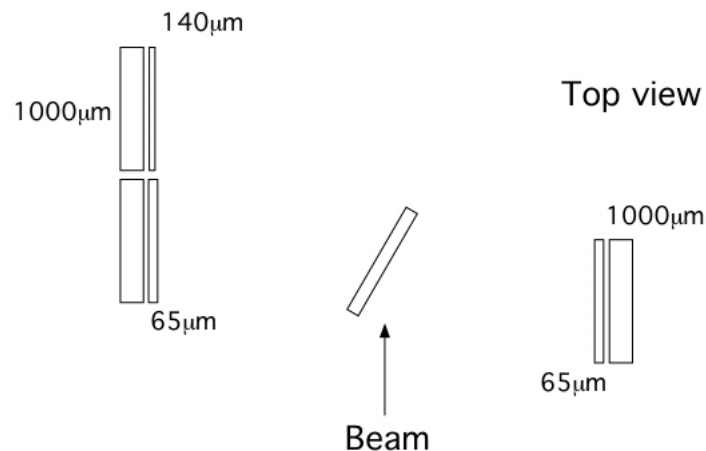
At backward θ_{lab} cross section very
small and E_{proton} v. small.

At forward θ_{lab} E_{proton} rises quickly
with angle ($dE/d\theta$ is large).

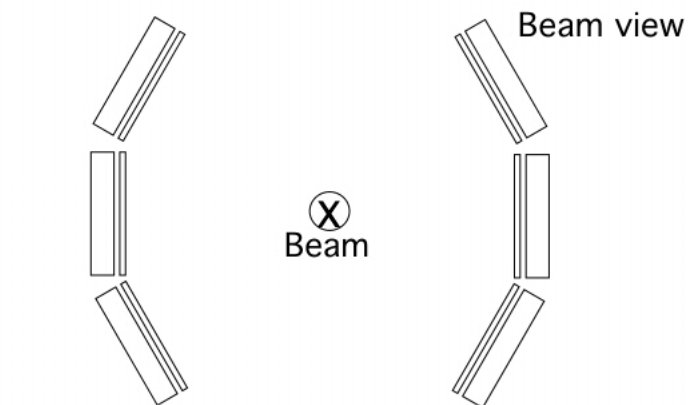


$^{132}\text{Sn}(d,p)$ experiment: detectors

Forward angles:
high energy protons



Backward angles:
low energy protons



Angular Coverage: 45° to 110°
Solid Angle $\sim 10\%$

Conclusions

- Neutron-rich beams produced via fission open up very exciting possibilities for transfer reactions in inverse kinematics.
- Test experiment using stable ^{124}Sn shows promising results,
- Further analysis required _ angular distributions.
- Large solid angle array around 90° required to measure with RIB, expect around 10^5 pps ^{132}Sn .

